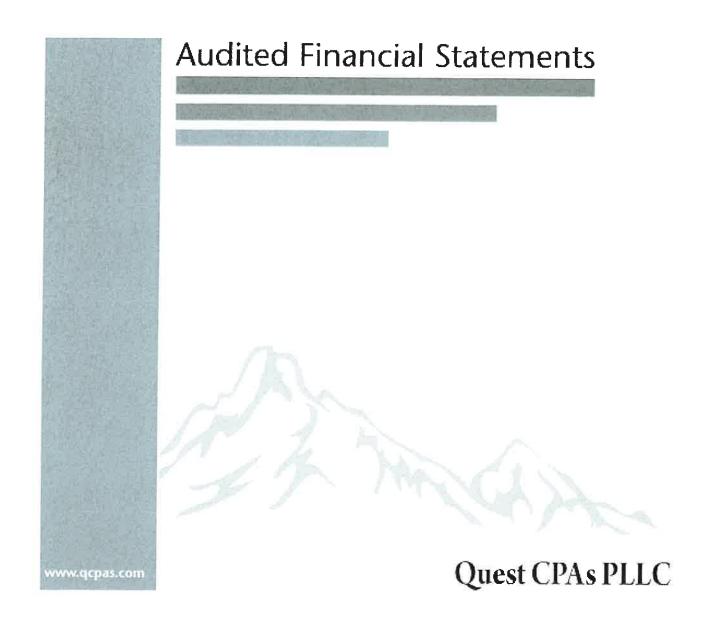
Monticello Montessori Public Charter School Year Ended June 30, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Monticello Montessori Public Charter School

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Monticello Montessori Public Charter School (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 6, 2020

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$226,636
Receivables:	
State Sources	86,190
Federal Sources	102,994
Total Current Assets	415,820
Noncurrent Assets	7
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	613,212
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	1,864,176
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,477,388
Total Assets	2,893,208
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Deferred Outflows	141,607
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	141,607
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,034,815
	9.
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$6,852
Unspent Grant Allocation	0
Long-Term Debt, Current	97,790
Total Current Liabilities	104,642
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent	2,215,607
Net Pension Liability	257,097
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,472,704
Total Liabilities	2,577,346
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Deferred Inflows	117,886
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	117,886
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,695,232
Net Position	rc = = = = = = = = = = = = = 1.1.
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	163,991
	
Special Programs	
Debt Service	43,776
Unrestricted Total Nat Position	131,816
Total Net Position Total Liabilities and Defended In G. C.	339,583
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$3,034,815

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs	6744007				
Elementary School	\$764,825		\$80,469		(\$684,356)
Special Education	128,985		80,662		(48,323)
Special Education Preschool	1,768				(1,768)
Gifted & Talented	10,457		10,000		(457)
School Activity	5,480				(5,480)
Support Service Programs Attendance - Guidance - Health	4.720				
	4,739		4,739		0
Instruction Improvement	9,371		9,371		0
Educational Media Instruction-Related Technology	0				0
Board of Education	60,791		60,791		0
District Administration	29,033				(29,033)
Buildings - Care	212,194				(212,194)
	54,201				(54,201)
Maintenance - Student Occupied Maintenance - Grounds	30,470				(30,470)
	11,599				(11,599)
Security	3,768				(3,768)
Pupil-To-School Transportation Non-Instructional Programs	81,040				(81,040)
Child Nutrition					
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	46,225				0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	44.044.000				(46,225)
Debt Service - Principal	0				0
Debt Service - Finicipal Debt Service - Interest					0
Total	127,965 \$1,582,911	\$0	\$2.46.022		(127,965)
I otal		20	\$246,032	\$0	(1,336,879)
	General Revenues				
	Local Revenues				
	State Revenue				44,038
	Federal Revenue				1,575,337
	Pension Revenue (Ex				0
	Total	(pense)			(115,231)
	Totat				1,504,144
	Change in Net Position	n			167,265
	Net Position - Beginni	nσ			172 210
	Net Position - Ending	···s			172,318
	et a osition - Ending				\$339,583

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Cash	\$226,636	\$0	\$226,636
Receivables:			
State Sources	86.190	0	86,190
Federal Sources		102,994	102,994
Due From Other Funds	102,994	0	102,994
Total Assets	\$415,820	\$102,994	\$518,814
Liabilities Salaries & Benefits Payable Due To Other Funds Unspent Grant Allocation Total Liabilities	\$6,852	\$0 102,994 0 102,994	\$6,852 102,994 0 109,846
Fund Balances			
Restricted:			
Special Programs		0	0
Debt Service	43,776	0	43,776
Unassigned	365,192	0	365,192
Total Fund Balances	408,968	0	408,968
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$415.820	\$102,994	\$518,814

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$408,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,477,388
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,313,397)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(233,376)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$339,583

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		,=====	
Local Revenue	\$78,895	\$0	\$78,895
State Revenue	1,575,337	65,530	1,640,867
Federal Revenue		145,645	145,645
Total Revenues	1,654,232	211,175	1,865,407
Expenditures	-		
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School	807,702	45,612	853,314
Special Education	63,247	80,662	143,909
Special Education Preschool	1,768	0	1,768
Gifted & Talented	457	10,000	10,457
School Activity	5,480	0	5,480
Support Service Programs			,
Attendance - Guidance - Health		4,739	4,739
Instruction Improvement		9,371	9,371
Educational Media		0	0
Instruction-Related Technology		60,791	60,791
Board of Education	29,033	0	29,033
District Administration	212,194	0	212,194
Buildings - Care	54,201	0	54,201
Maintenance - Student Occupied	30,470	0	30,470
Maintenance - Grounds	11,599	0	11,599
Security	3,768	0	3,768
Pupil-To-School Transportation	81,040	0	81,040
Non-Instructional Programs	·		,
Child Nutrition		0	0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied		0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied		0	0
Debt Service - Principal	90,444	0	90,444
Debt Service - Interest	127,965	0	127,965
Total Expenditures	1,519,368	211,175	1,730,543
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Over Expenditures	134,864	0	134,864
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		ŭ	,
Transfers In		0	0
Transfers Out			0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	134,864	0	134,864
Fund Balances - Beginning	274,104	0	274,104
Fund Balances - Ending	\$408,968	\$0	\$408,968
5		30	= 0100,700

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\$167,265

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$134,864
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.	(46,225)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.	90,444
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	(11,818)

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity – Monticello Montessori Public Charter School (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation providing public charter school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code.

Idaho Code Section 33-5210(3) requires charter schools to comply with the same financial reporting requirements imposed on school districts, i.e. — on a governmental, rather than nonprofit, basis of accounting. Additionally, enabling legislation creates charter schools as public entities, i.e. — as public schools, subject to provisions common with other governmental entities as set forth in Idaho Code Section 33-5204. Accordingly, the School's basis of presentation follows the governmental, rather than nonprofit, reporting model.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to charter schools. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements</u> – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds, when present, are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> - The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a

Notes to Financial Statements

separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash</u> – Nearly all the cash balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash are reported in each fund as cash. Interest earned on pooled cash is paid to the general fund unless Idaho Code specifies otherwise.

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> — Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other Post-Employment Benefits — The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Fund Balance Classifications — Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for income, if any, derived from unrelated business activities. The School's tax returns for the current year and prior two years are subject to examination by the IRS and state tax authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> — The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Concentrations of Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning concentrations of credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

B. CASH

Cash consists of the following at year end:

Cash - Deposits	\$226,636
Total	\$226,636

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$226,636 and the bank balances were \$301,871. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was insured, and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

Notes to Financial Statements

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

		Special	
	General	Revenue	
	Fund	Funds	Total
State Sources			
Foundation Program	\$86,190		\$86,190
Total	\$86,190		\$86,190
Federal Sources			
Special Programs		\$102,994	\$102,994
Total		\$102,994	\$102,994

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		<u> </u>		
Land	\$613,212			\$613,212
Total	613,212	\$0	\$0	613,212
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	2,164,224			2,164,224
Equipment	29,409			29,409
Subtotal	2,193,633	0	0	2,193,633
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	273,238	43,284		316,522
Equipment	9,994	2,941		12,935
Subtotal	283,232	46,225	0	329,457
Total	1,910,401	(46,225)	0	1,864,176
Net Capital Assets	\$2,523,613	(\$46,225)	\$0	\$2,477,388

Depreciation expense of \$46,225 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

Notes to Financial Statements

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable – At year end, the School's notes payable were as follows:

Note payable USDA 97-02, due in monthly payments of \$4,560 with interest at 3.375% through 2052/53, secured by real estate, paid through the general fund

\$1,072,691

Note payable BOI, due in monthly payments of \$7,934 with interest at 6.9% through 2041/42, secured by real estate and guaranteed by the U.S. government, paid through the general fund

Total

1,070,656 \$2,143,347

Maturities on the notes are estimated as follows:

Year		
Ended	Principal	Interest
6/30/21	\$40,831	\$109,102
6/30/22	43,044	106,889
6/30/23	45,391	104,542
6/30/24	47,882	102,051
6/30/25	50,523	99,410
6/30/26-30	298,288	451,377
6/30/31-35	393,703	355,962
6/30/36-40	523,328	226,337
6/30/41-45	353,151	85,973
6/30/46-50	233,858	39,742
6/30/51-55	113,348	4,323
Total	\$2,143,347	\$1,685,708

Capital Leases – The School leases portables and equipment that qualify as capital lease obligations. The portables and equipment cost \$272,753 and at year end, related accumulated depreciation was \$14,097.

Capital leases due in monthly installments of 624 - 5,082 with interest at 7.9% - 10.2% through 2022/23, secured by portables and equipment, paid through the general fund

\$170,050 \$170,050

Total

Notes to Financial Statements

Maturities on the capital leases are estimated as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/21	\$68,476
6/30/22	61,609
6/30/23	60,985
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	191,070
Amount Representing Interest	(21,020)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$170,050

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Note Payable USDA 97-02	\$1,090,870	·	\$18,179	\$1,072,691	\$18,806
Note Payable BOI	1,090,425		19,769	1,070,656	22,025
Capital Leases	222,546	-	52,496	170,050	56,959
Total	\$2,403,841	\$0	\$90,444	\$2,313,397	\$97,790

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$127,965 and were charged to the debt service – interest program.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

Notes to Financial Statements

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$103,413 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.0225233 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$115,231). At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$23,893	\$30,300
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	14,301	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		87,586
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	103,413	
Total	\$141,607	\$117,886

\$103,413 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/21	(\$9,258)
6/30/22	(39,663)
6/30/23	(19,321)
6/30/24	(11,450)
Total	(\$79,692)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05% ne

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return

Notes to Financial Statements

(expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Capital Market Assum

Capital Market F	722 minhrion2		
		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
		Nominal Rate	Real Rate
	Target	of Return	of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	3.05%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.30%	6.05%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.45%	6.20%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.75%	4.50%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.54%	12.54%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Ret	um	6.13%	3.77%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Ret	urn*	5.73%	3.37%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.19%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return*			7.05%
*Net of Investment Expenses			

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.05%)	(7.05%)	(8.05%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$776,533	\$257,097	(\$172,459)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

Notes to Financial Statements

G. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due From Fund	
	Nonmajor	
	Governmental To	tal
Due To Fund	*	
General	\$102,994 \$10	2,994
Total	\$102,994 \$10	2,994

Interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance	
General Fund	(GAAP I	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues			Amounts	(regative)	
Local Revenue	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$78.895	\$36,895	
State Revenue	1,464,339	1,464,339	1,575,337	110,998	
Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenues	1,506,339	1,506,339	1.654,232	147.893	
Expenditures		7.0			
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	635,585	635,585	807,702	(172,117)	
Special Education	57,850	57,850	63,247	(5,397)	
Special Education Preschool	0	0	1,768	(1,768)	
Gifted & Talented	3,420	3,420	457	2,963	
School Activity	0	0	5,480	(5,480)	
Support Service Programs			-,	(0,100)	
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	0	0	0	
Instruction Improvement	24,257	24,257	0	24,257	
Educational Media	0	0	0	0	
Instruction-Related Technology	0	0	0	0	
Board of Education	15,800	15,800	29,033	(13,233)	
District Administration	197,842	197,842	212,194	(14.352)	
Buildings - Care	93,727	93,727	54,201	39,526	
Maintenance - Student Occupied	88,825	88,825	30,470	58,355	
Maintenance - Grounds	10,000	10,000	11,599	(1,599)	
Security	16,850	16,850	3,768	13,082	
Pupil-To-School Transportation	81,765	81,765	81,040	725	
Non-Instructional Programs	,	31,132	0.,0.0	723	
Child Nutrition	0	0	0	0	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0	
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	ō	0	0	
Debt Service - Principal	0	0	90,444	(90,444)	
Debt Service - Interest	193,341	193,341	127,965	65,376	
Total Expenditures	1,419,262	1,419,262	1,519,368	(100,106) *	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		11.172,302	1,515,500	(100,100)	
Over Expenditures	87,077	87,077	134,864	47,787	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	,	57,517	751,001	47,707	
Transfers In	0	0	0	0	
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0 -	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	87,077	87,077	134,864	47,787	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	274,104	(274,104)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$87,077	\$87,077	\$408,968	(\$226,317)	
Ç	*Total expenditures (c	-	_ 	(\$100,106)	

See Auditor's Report

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

School's portion of the net pension liability School's proportionate share of the net pension liability School's covered payroll School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of		9	2019 0.0225233% \$257,097 \$775,459	2018 0.0207276% \$305,736 \$665,539
its covered payroll			33.15%	45.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability			93.79%	91.69%
	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.0204004%	0.0204573%	0.0168943%	0.0156698%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$320,659	\$414,701	\$222,470	\$115,354
School's covered payroll	\$635,150	\$598,551	\$475,848	\$424,514
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	50.49%	69.28%	46.75%	27.17%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94,95%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution			\$103,413	\$87,782
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		25	\$103,413	\$87,782
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll			\$866,106	\$775,459
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			11.94%	11.32%
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$75,339	\$71,899	\$67,756	\$53,866
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$75,339	\$71,899	\$67,756	\$53,866
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$665,539	\$635,150	\$598,551	\$475,848
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11,32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21
Assets				
Cash Receivables:				
State Sources				
Federal Sources			\$45,612	\$38,011
Due From Other Funds			,	φυσ,στ.
Total Assets	\$0	\$0	\$45,612	\$38,011
Liabilities Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Due To Other Funds Unspent Grant Allocation			\$45,612	\$38,011
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	45,612	38,011
Fund Balances Restricted: Special Programs Debt Service				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$0	\$0	\$45,612	\$38,011

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds					
	School	Title IV-A	Title II-A			
	Based	ESSA	ESSA			
	Medicaid	SS & AE	SEI	Total		
Assets						
Cash				\$0		
Receivables:						
State Sources				0		
Federal Sources		\$10,000	\$9,371	102,994		
Due From Other Funds	(<u></u>			0		
Total Assets	\$0	\$10,000	\$9,371	\$102.994		
Liabilities						
Salaries & Benefits Payable				\$0		
Due To Other Funds		\$10,000	\$9,371			
Unspent Grant Allocation		\$10,000	37,371	102,994 0		
Total Liabilities	\$0	10,000	9,371	102,994		
		10,000		102,334		
Fund Balances						
Restricted:						
Special Programs				0		
Debt Service				0		
Unassigned				0		
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$0	\$10,000	\$9,371	\$102,994		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Part B
Substance ESSA 611 Technology Abuse IBP Agr	School 3-21
Revenues	
Local Revenue	
State Revenue \$60,791 \$4,739	
Federal Revenue \$45,612	\$38,011
Total Revenues 60,791 4,739 45,612	38,011
Expenditures	
Instructional Programs	
Elementary School 45,612	
Special Education	38,011
Special Education Preschool	
Gifted & Talented	
School Activity Support Service Programs	
Attendance - Guidance - Health 4,739 Instruction Improvement	
Educational Media	
Instruction-Related Technology 60,791	
Board of Education	
District Administration	
Buildings - Care	
Maintenance - Student Occupied	
Maintenance - Grounds	
Security	
Pupil-To-School Transportation	
Non-Instructional Programs	
Child Nutrition	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	
Debt Service - Principal	
Debt Service - Interest	
Total Expenditures 60,791 4,739 45,612	38,011
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures 0 0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Proceeds from Capital Leases	
Transfers In	
Transfers Out	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances 0 0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning 0 0	0
Fund Balances - Ending \$0 \$0	\$0

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds				
	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE	Title II-A ESSA SEI	Total	
Revenues	-	-		rotai	
Local Revenue				\$0	
State Revenue				65,530	
Federal Revenue	\$42,651	\$10,000	\$9,371	145,645	
Total Revenues	42,651	10,000	9,371	211,175	
Expenditures	7 S				
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School				45,612	
Special Education	42,651			80,662	
Special Education Preschool				0	
Gifted & Talented		10,000		10,000	
School Activity		,		0	
Support Service Programs				-	
Attendance - Guidance - Health				4,739	
Instruction Improvement			9,371	9,371	
Educational Media				0	
Instruction-Related Technology				60,791	
Board of Education				0	
District Administration				0	
Buildings - Care				0	
Maintenance - Student Occupied				0	
Maintenance - Grounds				0	
Security				0	
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0	
Non-Instructional Programs					
Child Nutrition				0	
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				0	
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				0	
Debt Service - Principal				0	
Debt Service - Interest				0	
Total Expenditures	42,651	10,000	9,371	211,175	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			v	v	
Proceeds from Capital Leases				0	
Transfers In				0	
Transfers Out				0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0 -		0	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors

Monticello Montessori Public Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monticello Montessori Public Charter School (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The

results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 6, 2020